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# The Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 7. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1862. NO. 39.



## THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

J. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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**YOUNG MEN**

Especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

**MARRIAGE.**

Married Persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformity, &c., speedily cured.

Be who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

**ORGANIC WEAKNESS**

Immediately Cured, and full Vigor Restored.

This Distressing Affection—which renders Life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are to often led to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of reproduction is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes Deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

**OFFICE, NO. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,**

First left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

Letters must be paid and contain a stamp. The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office

**A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.**

*No Mercury or Nauseate Drugs.*

**DR. JOHNSON,**

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

**TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.**

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of spirits, Evil-Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

THOUSANDS of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a sallow appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

**YOUNG MEN**

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating

**MARRIAGE,**

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

**DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.**

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pain s in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveller returns."

It is a *melancholy fact* that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *Deadly Poison, Mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

**STRANGERS**

Trust not your lives, or health to the care of the many Unlearned and Worthless Pretenders, destitute of knowledge, name or character, who copy Dr. Johnston's advertisements, or style themselves, in the newspapers, regularly Educated Physicians, incapable of Curing, they keep you trifling month after month, taking their filthy and poisonous compounds, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair, leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment.

Dr. Johnston is the only Physician advertising.

His credential or diplomas always hang in his office.

His remedies or treatment are unknown to all others, prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe, the first in the country and a more extensive *Private Practice* than any other Physician in the world.

**INDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.**

The many thousands cured at this institution, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the "Sun," "Clipper," and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentlemen of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

**SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.**

No letters received unless post-paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age and send portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

Persons writing should be particular in directing their letters to this Institution, in the following manner:

JOHN M. JOHNSTON, M. D.,
Of the Baltimore Lock Hospital, Maryland


## Choice Poetry.

### THE CART BEFORE THE HORSE.

O, for some deep secluded dell,
Where brick and mortar's line may cease:
To sit down in a pot of grease—
No, no—I mean a grot of peace!

I'd chose a home by Erin's wave,
With not a sound to mar life's lot:
I'd by a cannon have a shot—
No—by the Shannon have a cot!

How fair that rocky isle around,
That wide expanse to scan it o'er:
I love a shiver with a roar—
No—I mean a river with a shore!

Romantic Erin's sea-girt land!
How sweet with one you love the most
To watch the cocks upon the roost—
I mean the rocks upon the coast!

'Twere sweet at moonlight's mystic hour,
To wander forth where few frequent,
And come upon a tipsy gent—
No, no—I mean a gipsey tent!

Or, in your solitude, to meet
Some long lost friend surprised and pleased
And find you're by his sarse pan greased—
No—I mean by his grasping seized!

In that retirement, lone, I would
Pursue some rustic industry,
And make myself a boiling tea—
No, no—I mean a toiling bee!

Beneath a shady sycamore,
How sweet to breath love's tender vow:
Your dear one bitten by a sow—
No, I mean sitting by a bough

Or sweet with your fond wife, to sit
Outside your door at daylight's close;
While she's hard hitting at your nose—
While she's hard knitting at your hose!

Perhaps on early cares you brood
While sympathy her sweet face shows;
'Tis good to *walk upon one's toes*—
No—I mean *to talk upon one's woes!*

She smiles you into jest at last,
As pleased to see the spell is broke,
And draw from you a *gentle noke*—
No, no—I mean a *mental joke!*

Ah! how you watch the fairy shape,
A summer dress which does adorn;
Admiring much *her laugh of scorn*—
No, no—I mean *her scarf of lawn!*

## Select Miscellany.

### THE INSULT.

Gen. Waring strode up and down, stiffly, biting his lips, working his fingers and clenching his teeth from time to time. His eyes were fixed staringly upon the ground, his breathing was stentorious, his face was flushed almost purple, and it was evident, in a word, that he was suffering a paroxysm of wrath.

From the glances the General cast about him occasionally, it seemed that he expected some one. Very soon a tall, grave looking man, scrupuously neat and military in his bearing and attire, appeared, The General took no notice of his salute, but blurted out impetuously:

"Col. Carey, your regiment left its post, on the railroad, yesterday, against my order, and lost fifty thousand dollars worth of stores for us. Why was that, sir?"

"I know nothing about it, General. I was away the whole time on engineer service. Lieut. Col. Carter was in command."

"Carter? I don,t know—let me see—why he's dead."

"Yes."

"Who is your Major?"

"Major Godfrey."

"Ah! Send him here."

Col. Carey, not altogether pleased with the interview, took his time, and finally sent an Adjutant to find out who commanded the regiment the day previous. Sure enough, the Lieutenant Colonel had been killed in the early morning, and the command had devolved upon Major Godfrey, quite a young man. The Colonel informed this officer that Gen. Waring wished to see him, and hinted that there were charges to be made.

"Keep your temper," said he, "and don't be bullied. You know what you may expect."

Major Godfrey sought the presence of the irate General, and stood some moments awaiting his word.

"Who are you?" asked Waring, perceiving that the young man was waiting.

"Godfrey, sir; Major of the Sixteenth."

"O! You are the man that ran away from the supply depot, yesterday. I shall have you cashiered, sir. I want no cowards at the head of my regiments."

Major Godfrey measured his superior officer from head to foot with a cold expressionless stare—about the most impertinent thing one can do, in a quiet way. Then shrugging his shoulders very slightly he turned his broad, manly back full on the astonished commander, and walked away without a single word in reply.

The General of the division in which was General Waring's brigade, was a very different sort of person from that officer, and Major Godfrey knew him personally. He went to the headquarters, then, and stated, in brief, that Waring had forgotten himself so far as to offer him an irretrievable insult.

"I cannot serve longer in a position from which my superior officer has threatened to have me cashiered," he said, "but I am particularly desirous of taking part in all the actions that may occur here on the peninsula. If you can give me a temporary command—I don't care how humble—I will guarantee that no disgrace shall come of it. The reason why I withdrew the Sixteenth Regiment from the post assigned it by General Waring was because Gen. McClellen himself ordered it."

"Why did you not explain that to General Waring?"

"His words were such as no gentleman could reply to."

A Captaincy in an other regiment was offered to the Major, and it was also promised that a full investigation should be made into the affair.

This was on the fourth day of the protracted battles that attended the transfer of the Army of the Potomac from the Chickahominy to the James river. There had been some gallant fighting every day, and their army was thinned and weary, but undaunted. When the line of battle was formed, on the following morning, Major Godfrey found himself put in command of a handful of heroes gathered from several annihilated companies, and formed into a new one.

As he walked down this line of incongruously assorted men, solid, grimed and in many cases wounded, he spoke a few stirring words.

"Boys," said he, sternly, "you look like fighters, and fighters are just what I want. I shall not ask you to follow wherever I choose to lead you. And I shall lead you into some jolly places. If you don't follow—I'll go alone!"

A cheer was the response to this address, for the men saw that their Captain was in earnest—that he had a difficulty with destiny. And the only men who do anything altogether well, wether it be singing, or writing, or fighting, or preaching, or whatnot, are the ones who are working out a mighty quarrel with fate.

The battle came on later, this fifth day, than on the previous mornings, for both armies were severely harrassed and wearied by repeated attacks, repulse and retreat.

The lines were not so firm and steady as on the first day, and some regiments showed great gaps, that told most eloquently of the courage and determination with which they had met the enemy.

Still when the battle was fairly opened, and the cannonade music began to make the air tremble and collapse at every moment, the tried soldiery plucked up a new energy, and fought—pardon me the little patriotic egotism—as I believe Americans only can fight, North and South.

Capt. Godfrey kept his word. He did lead his men, and into "some jolly places." He seemed to think that he had command of a division instead of a company, and could therefore, cope with any odds.

The enemy, astonished by the reckless brilliancy of his charges, could but think that he was supported by a powerful force, and often fell back when they might have surrounded the entire company.

During one of these savage onslaughts, a cavalry saber happened to alight upon the young officers forehead, knocking off his cap, and leaving a fine crimson trench from his hair to his eyebrow. After this he looked more like the men he led. They were all blood and dust and powder-grime; and when they came crashing down, in close order with bayonets fixed, called on by their dauntless leader, coatless, hatless, with a bloody handkerchief, upon his head and his sword dropping gore as he waved on the charge, it was not so strange that the foe gave way, even when they outnumbered this desperate band five to one.

The Colonel of the regiment in which Godfrey was detailed to serve, was delighted. He could not see what fault General Waring could have found with such an officer, and spoke many encouraging words to the young man.

"If he ever comes out of this," said he, "he will be set up two or three pegs higher at once, if I'm any judge. He means fight; and that is just the kind of men we want."

There was some confusion for a few minutes, on the right of their regiment, and the men evinced a tendency to fall back, that, to do them justice, was perfectly natural. The Confederates had advanced their lines, and a battery of twelve pounder field guns had been so placed as to sweep diagonally the ground occupied by the regiment, while a heavy body of infantry, concealed in a woody ravine, kept up a murderous cross fire of musketry.

The result of this storm of death, the two currents of which intersected just at the right of the line, was frightful, and for a moment a panic seemed inevitable.

In the confusion, when the different companies lost their order, and parties of straglers began wandering to the rear, Capt. Godfey drew up his men in position, and stepped out to the front.

"Who will go to glory with me, now?" he asked pointing to the battery with his bloody sword. "Whoever isn't afraid, come on! If you won't follow, I shall have to take that battery alone!"

This magnificent piece of hyperbole must have been heard to be appreciated. The whole scene agreed with its tenor. A field covered with ghastly corpses and wounded men; a wreck of arms and equipage scattered everywhere; a smoky stenching atmosphere, quivering and pierced by the terrible yells and cries of the dying; the awful scream of wounded horses, the horrible concussion of heavy cannon incessantly fired, and the fierce howl of a thousand shot and shell; a disordered and broken host of men, trembling on the verge of flight, with officers galloping hither and thither, cursing, praying, threatening and imploring by turns—this was the exaggerated and wonderful background to the picture. In front, amid the wreck and ruin and pools of gore, and golgotha piles of dead, a company of sixty or seventy heroes, without coats, often without shirts, without knapsacks, without a flag, with uniforms of half a dozen patterns, and arms as ill assorted; muddy, dusty, bloody, bruised, blackened, lowering of an eye and defiant of lips, and before them all, the tall, manly figure of their leader, with his face covered with blood from the bandaged gasp on his forehead, his broad chest exposed, his sleeves rolled up, and his hands, arms, legs and feet imbued and clotted with gore, like those of a butcher, waving that crimson blade, and roaring forth his determination, too impossible for a threat, and too splendid for a boast—that was the situation.

Without waiting for a murmur of assent from his men, this mad creature cried: 'Now then! Double quick! Charge!' and ran forward at full speed toward the battery that opened its "deathful, grinning mouths" at short intervals to emit tongues of fire and iron that licked up men and horses and trees alike. The scattering regiment saw the change and paused. Several companies, not yet disordered, got into line and followed, but Godfrey and his command were already far in advance

Flame and fury whirled down in redhot sheets of destruction from the battery. Thick smoke and darkness lurked behind. It was an inky cloud stifling and heavy, but charged with the splendor and horror of pandemonium. The air gaped and closed with terrific blows at every shot, and the ground trembled and winced at the awful detonations. Lights gleamed and glared, and scorched the very eye balls of those who looked. All was vague and bewildering with dizzy noises, and roaring as of a million wheels and voices; and the brain soon got befogged and dazed by the awful magnificence of the ascent into the teeth of the guns that shouted defiance and leaped back like living foes.

Into the center of this hell went Capt. Godfrey crying as he ran:

"I was called a coward, yesterday, boys! what do you think of this?"

As the devoted remnant of the company—for only forty men reached the front of the battery—came exactly before the guns, a sudden discharge of grape shot roared along the hill, breast high, and a storm of musketry followed. The few companies that had accepted the example of the first replied by a close volley, as they charged, and within a few moments the hill was covered with a mass of determined men, pouring up in increasing numbers, and stretched down to the wooden ravine beyond, where the enemy had begun to waver. The ice was broken; the path was shown by Captain Godfrey's men, and the regiment had followed, unable to stand still and see such a deed of daring done.

The battery was withdrawn with marvelous speed and address, but the infantry that had supported it was driven back in disorder. It was a successful repulse, and due entirely to the unflinching heroism of the little band that led. And that band? I know nothing of it save that Godfrey's body was found where the center of the battery had been. His sword, still grasped in his hand, was through an artilleryman's ribs, and a musket ball had gone into his own chest, just over the heart. There were seventeen other wounds upon him but that one killed him. As for his men, the hill was, an old sergeant said, "carpeted with corpses," I suppose theirs was a portion of the carpet.

☞ A friend of ours was traveling a day or two since in the vicinity of Buxton. While crossing a bridge he was stopped by some young men, one of whom addressed him as follows:

'Say mister got any whiskey with yer?'

"No, sir," politely responded our friend.

"Don't yer ever drink whiskey?" "No, sir."

"Wa-a-all that's too bad. I should like mighty well to get some good whiskey; but we can't get none here. Tell ye what 'tis, stranger, it's dangerous stuff they have here about. We are bound to drink it any how, but we draw lots to see which shall drink first. The one that draws it goes in and drinks and sits down. We all wait an hour, and if he ain't dead, we all drink; and if he is, we try another place."

☞ Where the lawyers flourish, we may take for granted the law does not.

### MY COURTSHIP.

BY ARTEMUS WARD.

There was many affectin ties which made me hanker arter Betsy Jane. Her father's farm jined ourn; their cows and ourn squenched their thurst at the same spring, our old mares both had stars in their fortrids; the measels broke out in both famerlies at nearly the same period; our parents (Betsy's and mine) slept regularly every Sunday in the same meetin house, and the nabers used to obsarve, "How thick the Wards and Peasleys air!" It was a sublime sight in the spring of the year to see our several mother's (Betsy's and mine) with their gowns pin'd up so that they couldn't sile 'em, affecshunitely Billin soap together and aboosin the nabors.

Altho I hankered intensely arter the objeck of my affeckshun, I darsent tell her of the fires that was rajin in my manly Buzzum. I'd try to do it, but my tung would kerwhellop up again the roof of my mowth & and stick thar like death to deceast Afrikan or a country postmaster to his offiss, while my heart whanged again my ribs like an old fashioned wheat Flale agin a barn door.

'Twas a carm still night in Joon. All natur was husht, and nary zeffer disturbed the sereen silens. I sot with Betsy Jane on the fense of her fathers paster. We'd been rompin threw the woods, killin flours and drivin the woodchuck from his Nativ Lair (so to speak) with long sticks. Wal, we sot there on the fense a swingin our feet two and fro, blushing as red as the Baldinsville school house when it was fust painted, and lookin very simple, I make no doubt. My left arm was okepied in ballunsin myself on the fense, while my right was wounded lovinly round her waste.

I cleared my throat and tremblinly said.

"Betsy, you're a Gazelle."

I thought that air was putty fine. I waited to see what effect it would have upon her. It evidently didn't fetch her, for she up and sed—

"You're a sheep!"

Sez I—

"Betsy, I think very muchly of you."

"I don't b'lieve a word you say—so there, now cum!" with which obsarvashun she hitched away from me.

"I wish thar was windows to my sole!" sed I, "so that you could see some of my feelins. There's fire enough in here," sed I, strikin my buzzum with my fist, "to bile all the corn beef and turnips in the naberhood. Versoovius and the Critter ain't a ciscumstans."

She bowed her hed down and commenst chawing the strings of her sun bonnet.

"Ar, could you know the sleepless nites I worry threw with on your account how vittles has seized to be attractiv to me, & how my limbs has shrunk up, you wouldn't dowt me. Gase on this wastin form and these ere sunken cheeks—

I should have continnered on in this strane probly for sum time, but unfortunately I lost my balanse and fell over into the paster ker smash, tearing my close and severely damaging myself ginerally.

Betsy Jane sprung to my assistance in double quick time and dragged me forth. Then drawin herself up to her full hite, she sed—

"I won't listen to your noncents no longer. Jes say rite strate out what your drivin at. If you mean gettin hitched, *I'm in.*"

I considered that air enuff for all practical purpusses, and we proceeded immejiately to the parson's and was made one that very nite.

☞ Talking to boys in public meetings is getting to be an art and science. Billy Ross is a great Temperance lecturer, and at Rushville, Illinois, was preaching to the young on his favorite theme. He said:

"Now, boys, when I ask you a question you musn't be afraid to speak right out and answer me. When you look around and see all these fine houses, farms, and cattle, do you ever think who owns them all now? Your father's own them do they not?"

"Yes, sir!" shouted a hundred voices.

"Well, where will your fathers be twenty years from now?"

"Dead!" shouted the boys.

"That's right. And who will own all this property then?"

"Us boys!" shouted the urchins.

"Right. Now, tell me did you ever, in going along the streets, notice the drunkards lounging around the saloon doors waiting for somebody to treat them?"

"Yes, sir; lots of them!"

"Well, where will they be in twenty years from now?"

"Dead!" exclaimed the boys.

'And who will be the drunkards then?'

"*Us boys!*"

Billy was thunder struck for a moment; but recovering himself, tried to tell the boys how to escape such a fate.

☞ A pedlar being asked by a long, spindle-shanked wag, if he had any tin overalls, answered: "No, but I have a pair of candle moulds that will just fit you.

☞ A countryman came into a store in Philadelphia, the other day, and told the storekeeper that a neighbor of his had entrusted him with some money to be spent to the best advantage, and he meant to do it where he would be treated the best.

He had been very well treated by the traders, and would not part with his neighbor's money until he had found a man who would treat him about right. With the utmost suavity the trader says:

"I think I can treat you to your liking, how do you want to be treated?"

"Well," says the farmer, with a leer in his eye, "in the first place, I want a glass of toddy;" which was forthcoming. "Now I will have a nice cigar," says the countryman. It was promptly handed him, leasurely lighted, and throwing himself back with his feet as high as his head, he commenced puffing away like a Dutchman.

"Now, what do you want to purchase?" says the storekeeper.

"My neighbor handed me two cents when I left home to buy a plug of tobacco," answered the farmer, "have you got the article?"

The storekeeper stopped instanter and the next thing that was heard from him was that his sides were shaking, and his face on fire, as he was relating the sell to his friends.

☞ "THAT'S WHAT'S THE MATTER!"—We have at last found out the origin of this popular phrase, in the following scrap, clipped from an exchange, which is too good to keep: A friend of ours, who has been absent all winter, returning a few days since, called upon an estimable lady friend. He was surprised to find her confined to a sick bed. After the first salutations were over, our friend remarked: "Why, Mrs. ———, I am very sorry to find you ill—what is the matter?" Quickly reaching over to the back of the bed, the invalid turned town coverlid, disclosing a beautiful infant, wrapped in the embrace of the rosy god, at the same time triumphantly exclaiming—"That's what's the matter!"

☞ Gen. Kelly, while in search of guerillas in Western Virginia, captured a girl by the name of Sallie Duskey, whom he felt assured knew the haunts of the guerillas. She refused to give any information, whereupon the general promised her if she would confess, to give her the chance for a husband out of all the officers of his staff. She still declined, but on being removed, asked the captain who had her in charge if the general would have kept his promise.

"Certainly was the reply. The maiden reflected a short time, and then said—"Well I'd about as lief have the old man, the general, as any on 'em."

☞ The other day a little Frenchman, just arrived, who had been taking English lessons, on the voyage, from a fellow passenger, complained much of the difficulty of our grammar, especially the *irregular verbs*. For instance, says he, "Ze verb *to go*. Did you ever see one such verb?" And with the utmost gravity he read from a sheet of paper: I go; Thou departest; He clears out; we cut stick; Ye or you make track; They absquatulate. "Mon Dieu! What disregular verbs you have in your language!"

☞ Getting off Easy.—One of the States passed an act that no dogs shall go at large without a muzzle, and the man was brought up for infringing the statute. In defence he alleged that his dog had a muzzle.

'How is that?' quoth the justice.

'O,' said the defendant 'the act says nothing where the muzzle shall be placed, and as I thought the animal would like the fresh air, I put it on his tail.'

☞ An apothecary's boy was lately sent to leave at one house a box of pills, and at another six live fowls. Confused on the way, he left the pills where the fowls should have gone, and the fowls at the pill place. The folks who received the fowls were astonished at reading the accompanying direction: "Swallow one every two hours."

☞ A man being conceited and vain of himself, but who by the by, was rather despised, with a face much pitted by small-pox, was not long since addressed by a chap who after admiring him for some time said:—'when carved work comes into fashion, you'll be the handsomest man I ever put my eyes on.'

☞ "There's two ways of doing it," said Pat to himself, as he stood musing and waiting for a job, "if I save four thousand dollars I must lay up two hundred dollars a year for twenty years, or I can put away twenty dollars a year for two hundred years now which shall I do?"

☞ A Germantown storekeeper having once sunk his shop floor a few feet, announces that, "in consequence of recent improvements, goods will be sold much lower than formerly."

# Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 1862.


## Thanksgiving Proclamation.

*PENNSYLVANIA SS:*

*In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,* ANDREW G. CURTIN, *Governor of the said Commonwealth.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, It is a good thing to render thanks unto God for all His mercy and loving kindness:

Therefore, I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do recommend that THURSDAY, THE 27th DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, be set apart by the people of this Commonwealth, as a day of solemn Prayer and Thanksgiving to the Almighty: Giving Him humble thanks that He has been graciously pleased to protect our free institutions and Government, and to keep us from sickness and pestilence—and to cause the earth to bring forth her increase, so that our garners are choked with the harvest—and to look so favorably on the toil of His children, that industry has thriven among us and labor had its reward; and also that He has delivered us from the hands of our enemies—and filled our officers and men in the field with a loyal and intrepid spirit, and given them victory—and that he has poured out upon us (albeit unworthy) other great and manifold blessings:

Beseeching Him to help and govern us in His steadfast fear and love, and to put into our minds good desires, so that by His continual help we may have a right judgment in all things:

And especially praying Him to give to Christian churches grace to hate the thing which is evil, and to utter the teachings of truth and righteousness, declaring openly the whole counsel of God:

And most heartily entreating Him to bestow upon our civil rulers, wisdom and earnestness in council, and upon our military leaders, zeal and vigor in action, that the fires of rebellion may be quenched—that we being armed with His defence may be preserved from all perils, and that hereafter our people, living in peace and quietness, may, from generation to generation, reap the abundant fruits of His mercy, and with joy and thankfulness praise and magnify His holy name.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this Twentieth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-seventh.

BY THE GOVERNOR. A. G. CURTIN.

ELI SLIFER,
*Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

## Comical.

The last Clearfield *Republican* comes out in large letters claiming a *great triumph* in this Senatorial district for Wallace. Why, gentlemen of the *Rebublican*, you're joking, surely, ain't you? What kind of a triumph is it? If to run further BEHIND his ticket than ever a man of any party did before, in the same number of votes, is a triumph, then your Senator is entitled to the claim. He ran 1100 behind his State ticket here, without the army vote, and farther behind in Cambria than he was ahead in his own county. A splendid demonstration this of personal strength and popularity. Nothing saved him but the political complexion of the district and the five thousand soldiers away from the three counties, who are endeavoring to save our Union and uphold our Constitution. A splendid triumph! Another time will complete it sure. Please publish the figures of your *triumph* in this county.

NEWSPAPER OFFICE GUTTED.—The office of the *American Volunteer*, at Carlisle, Pa., was gutted by a crowd of some one hundred men, mostly soldiers from the barracks at that place, a few evenings since. The cause of the attack was the publication in that paper of a most scurrillous attack upon the President. The crowd entered the office and threw the type into the street, broke up the stands and cases with hatchets, and burned up that part of the edition of the paper which had not been sent out. Much as such a fate was merited by that paper, we most heartily condemn this mode taking revenge. Mob law is dangerous in all cases and should not be encouraged. It always falls short of accomplishing the object intended, and the innocent too often suffer with the guilty. There are other and more effectual means of punishing the utterers of such unreasonable language.

CONGRESS AND SENATE OFFICIAL.—The following are the official figures of the vote for Congressman and Senator in the districts composed of the counties named below:

CONGRESSMAN.

| | M'ALLISTER. | BLAIR. |
|---|---|---|
| Blair, | 2107 | 2315 |
| Cambria, | 2855 | 1418 |
| Huntingdon, | 1999 | 2361 |
| Mifflin, | 1376 | 1462 |
| Totals, | 8337 | 7556 |
| McAllister's majority, | 781 | |

SENATOR.

| | WALLACE. | HALL. |
|---|---|---|
| Blair, | 1385 | 3064 |
| Cambria, | 2680 | 1601 |
| Clearfield, | 2247 | 1245 |
| Totals, | 6312 | 5910 |
| Wallace's majority, | 402 | |

☞ Rev. Chas. A. Hay, pastor of the Lutheran church, at Harrisburg, was recently arrested by order of Gen. Wool, for the publication of a card in which he stated that the secession ladies of Baltimore, by permission of Gen. Wool, were permitted to take their wounded friends (confederate soldiers) out of the hospitals and attend to them, and that the same privilege was denied loyal women who wished to take out Union soldiers. After a hearing, Mr. Hay was discharged. Gen. Wool alleged that he did not give permission for the removal of confederate soldiers, but that it was done by his subordinates.

HOT WORK.—It is stated that during the four and a half hours that the Monitor was in action at Fort Darling the thermometer indicated 140 degrees in the fire room, and 107 to 110 in the other interior portions of the vessel.

## Our Army Correspondence.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Sandy Hook, Oct. 13, 1862.

DEAR TRIBUNE:—I should have written you ere this, but nothing has transpired with us that would be of general interest to your readers. And even at this hour I doubt whether I can communicate anything special or interesting. We have not seen your welcome sheet for two or three weeks, and are getting rather rusty in "Local News." Please send a copy regularly hereafter, and charge same to subscriber. News have been scarce with us since our unfortunate and lamented companion, "Brevier," wrote you, with the exception of the events of the 17th ult., which, I see by the last *Tribune* we received, you have given your readers from personal observation, having yourself visited the ever-to-be-remembered field of Antietam. I can add nothing to your able description of that scene.

The 125th is still encamped on Maryland Heights, and rumor, always on the float, says they will quarter there for the winter. But it is only rumor, no official notice of the fact having, as yet, been given. They will have a cool time of it, if they do quarter there. The hill is very steep and high, and though covered with timber when we first camped there, is now strewn with felled trees. Companies have been detailed for two weeks to cut the timber down. It wears a different aspect from what it did when Miles surrendered it.

Companies D and G are detached from the 125th, to assist Capt. J. Read, Commissary at this station, to unload and store army provisions, from the cars of the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. This road is now doing a very heavy business, both in the Freight and Passenger line. All the Government stores from Washington to Frederick, Sandy Hook and Harper's Ferry, (at which places there are stations for the distribution of provisions) are carried over this road, and the Passenger trains are every day crowded to overflowing.

Sandy Hook is on the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. about two miles from Harper's Ferry, and is within a stone's throw of the Potomac. It is a small village, very irregularly built, and not very cleanly in appearance. However, it is a more desirable place to camp than Maryland Heights, as water in abundance is close at hand, which is an item of considerable importance to one who has to do his own washing and cooking. Then we are closer to provisions, which are not furnished by Uncle Sam, which we can buy. The place is under martial law, of course, and Capt. J. Kinsler, of Co. F. 29th P. V., is Provost Marshal, and keeps very good order in the place. Groups of rebels, who have been either sick, wounded or prisoners, here apply for passes or transportation every day. They talk and laugh with our boys like friends, instead of enemies.

Our company, with one or two exceptions, is well, but the health of the Regiment is not so good, as visitors who come to see us, inform us. Three are reported to have died on the 21st.—Samuel Henchy, of Co. A.; Leonard Mabis, of Co. K.; and another in Co. I, whose name I have not heard. Mabis, it is said, fell into a spring, about a foot deep, and drowned. It is supposed he was out of his mind at the time. Chills and fever are very prevalent and appears to be the epidemic with which all are inflicted.

Lieut. Alex. Marshall and privates Lewis Minehart, Jno. Walton and Joseph Robertson, who had been absent, wounded, for some time after the 17th ult., have returned, and are doing well, the former having now command of our company. The last news we had of our absent wounded they were all doing well, but are pretty well scattered over the country. They are all anxious to rejoin us, and will do so as soon as they are able. Our Captain is at Mechanicsburg, and was at last accounts, doing well, and anxiously awaiting the time when he will be able to take charge of his company. We all hope it will be soon, for a better, more kind, and braver officer is not to be found. Few Captains have the welfare of their companies more at heart than he. Sergt. E. L. Russ is at Harrisburg, and I presume you hear from him oftener than we do.

The following anonymous letter was received by Lieut P. S. Trees, on the 17th inst., and caused indignation and distrust in a great many of our boys. It is well known that our boys did their whole duty on the 17th of September, and to be charged with cowardice, or slinking the fight under pretence, is not to be taken so easily at this time. They did their duty nobly and should receive praise, instead of such false accusations as are contained in the following letter. But I give you the letter *verbatim et literatim*:—

ALTOONA, ——— ———

Co. D. 125th P. V:—As we have been visited by several of your company, and among the rest ——— ———. But his visit was not very acceptable, for he left a very bad name for the company that left this place. As I felt interested in the company, I thought it prudent to let you or them know what the report is here. In the first place, when he came up, he acted very bad, for he told so many different stories about his being wounded. When he came through Mill Creek he had both his hands tied up, and told there that he was run over by a horse, and that it kicked him, and stove his breast in, and broke both his wrists, &c., &c. He told in this place that the way he was hurt was, he had a gun that he took from a dead rebel, that shot six loads at once, and just as he was going to shoot the gun, it was struck by a ball, and broke in two and crippled him. And further, he said that as you were drawing near the ground where the fight was, and when you were about 100 yards from the rebels, ——— ——— (of our company) fainted and gave out, and said he was sick; and he (the visitor) raised a great report about it. I had never thought that of ———, from what slight acquaintance I had with him. I thought he would act the man in all cases. And further, he said ———, (also of our Co.) gave out as you were going into battle, and he said he had to coax hard to get him to go in. He said he stopped two or three times going in, and he said he coaxed very hard to get him in. As I am not acquainted with ———, I cannot of myself say anything of him, but, by the talk of the people, he bears a good name here, and I think it bad to ruin a good name. From what I hear I think you have made a poor selection.

Your friend, A. L. T.

Please read to the company.

Will the writer of the above please send his name to the same address, as by so doing he will relieve our minds of a doubt or suspicion which exists there. It may all be as "A. L. T." reports, and, again "A. L. T." may be an enemy of "the visitor," and seeks, in this way, to injure him. We do not say it is the case, but how are we to know? By sending his name, he will, perhaps, remove this idea, and his letter shall be read to the company. It has not been made public yet, as it would not do to make an accusation without being able to substantiate it. If he so desires, his name shall not be used, only to satisfy the mind of the person he addressed, that he is a reliable man, and we will attend to the rest. We hope he will grant our request, as we are deeply interested in the matter.

But we must stop scribbling. Any items of importance that may transpire hereafter, dear "Tribune," will be communicated as soon as possible

Yours truly, BOURGEOIS.

☞ Through the kindness of the recipient we are permitted to take the following extracts from a letter written on the 18th inst., by a member of the Anderson Troop, now with Gen. Buell's army. It is dated in camp near Crab Orchard, Ky. In speaking of the late battle in that vicinity the writer says:—

"You have, ere this, read different accounts of our proceedings since we left Louisville on this last expedition. I have seen few papers since we left Louisville, and only one since the battle of chaplin Hills, near Perrysville, and that was the Louisville *Journal* of the 14th inst. That paper's account of the battle was mainly correct. I will not attempt a description, but in general terms I can say that it was one of the bloodiest and most desperate struggles that has taken place in this departmeut, if not in the country. The barren hills and almost entire absence of water for man or beast, for miles around, within our lines, made it a place of intense suffering for our army, especially those who stood in line of battle all day (and the weather hot and dry for the season) fighting a desperate enemy who had almost all the water fit for use. There stood one wing of our army receiving the deadly fire of an overwhelming force, but gallantly they stood (with few exceptions) returning the fire with equally deadly effect, as the battle field but too plainly indicated, when the smoke had cleared away.

Here I am proud to say that the 79th Penna. Regt. Col. Hambright, nobly distinguished itself for bravery and coolness. I have it from a disinterested witness that the 79th stood in line of battle, never wavering, as though on dress parade. Even those slightly wounded stood up in line. Another person told me that when their ammunition was exhausted they stood in line until they were supplied, and my informant says the dead rebels in front of their lines attest to the coolness and steadiness of their fire. Col. Hambright and his well disciplined regiment will stand out as a bright contrast to some of the raw troops who broke rank and run. The loss of the 79th in killed, wounded and missing is about 250.

I was out in the evening and all night after the battle with Surgeon Murray, Medical Director, assisting in having the sufferers brought off the field to temporary hospitals in houses, barns, and places of safety, for then we expected a general engagement to open next morning. It was a beautiful moonlight night, but oh! it was a night dark with gloomy apprehensions for the morrow. All night did the gallant Rousseau watch the movements of the enemy and dispose the remnant of his forces accordingly, retiring to higher and more commanding positions. It was owing to the retiring of our lines that three of the Anderson Troop were taken prisoners that night. They were sent with despatches to Gen. McCook and proceeded to where his head-quarters had been during the day and there found themselves in the hands of the enemy. They were dismounted, disarmed and marched some 20 miles on foot and paroled.

The next morning was bright and clear and everybody expected to hear the ball open early, but no sound of hostile cannon was heard. It was said they asked au armistice to bury their dead, but by noon it was discovered that while some were burying the dead the main body of the army was leaving as fast as possible towards Harrodsburg and Danville. No doubt they had been going all night and morning. They were pursued by our cavalry and a number of prisoners picked up and at Harrodsburg near 2,000 of their sick and wounded fell into our hands. Thus far they managed to haul them (about ten miles) and along the road were strewn their dead—the wounded that died on the way were tumbled out by the roadside and left for us to bury. But the dead feel no more pain, and we had so many of our own wounded to attend to that their dead lay three or four days without burial. It was hard but we could not help it.

It was distressing to witness the intense suffering of our wounded for several days after the battle. Almost every necessary comfort was wanting until we got them moved to hospitals in Perrysville. We have halted here for a few days while some of our army is still pursuing Bragg. Our headquarters will likely not go any further on this road but take another route. This is a poor section of country for man or beast to live in, and I hope we may get to a better place soon.

Our company (Anderson Troop) is reduced to about 25 men for active duty, and they are worked almost beyond endurance—on duty night and day. From what we can learn, the boys who have been at home all summer *playing off sick*—having their furloughs extended from time to time—are now generally to be commissioned officers of the new regiments, while those who have been here all the time, bearing the burden and heat of the day, are overlooked. Our men here complain bitterly at such treatment.

AN INCIDENT OF THE BATTLE FIELD.—During the week of battles in front of Washington Gen. Bayard went forward, under a flag of truce, to meet and confer with his old comrade in arms, the now famous J. E. B. Stuart, of the rebel cavalry. Less than two years ago Jeb was first lieutenant and Bayard second lieutenant in the same company; but Jeb. is now a major-general and Bayard a brigadier. During the interview a wounded Union soldier, lying near was groaning, and asked for water. "Here Jeb," said Bayard —old time recollections making him familiar, as he tossed his bridle to the rebel officer—"hold my horse a minute, will you, till I fetch that poor fellow some water." Jeb. held the bridle. Bayard went to a stream and brought the wounded man some water. As Bayard mounted his horse, Jeb. remarked that he had not for some time "played orderly to a Union general." The business upon which they met was soon arranged, and the old friends parted—a fight, which had ceased while they were engaged talking, recommencing with great fury on both sides the moment each got back to his own ranks.

MAN AND WIFE TO BE HUNG.—Richard Aylward and his wife Ann have been condemned to death at Belleville, Upper Canada, having been convicted of the murder of a man named Munroe, for the sake of obtaining money which it was supposed the deceased had in his possession. The prisoners are ordered for execution on the 8th of December.

## The Retreat of the Rebel Army.

### Lee's Entire Army Retreating.

HARPER'S FERRY, Oct. 27.

News received here to-day, from Gen. Pleasanton's advance, confirms the previous report, that the rebels are retreating rapidly up the valley.

Winchester was evacuated to-day it is thought, and Strasburg will not be held with any large force.

The entire rebel army of Northern Virginia is said to have been divided into two bodies under Jackson and Longstreet.

Jackson's column is moving directly to Staunton, where it is said winter quarters for a large force have been improvised.

Longstreet moves to Gordonsville, it is thought.

Gen. Burnside moved south to-day, and is now on his way to Winchester, meeting no enemy, but his cavalry have brought in a considerable number of stragglers.

A large force is now employed on both the Baltimore and Ohio and Winchester railroads, and both will be in running order during the coming month.

Our forces will occupy Winchester during the present week.

It is believed that Gen. Burnside will come up with the rear guard of Longstreet, and that a fight will ensue, and that Gen. Slocum's *corps d'armee* has been sent forward to support him.

The entire army of the Potomac will move across the river as soon as transportation for supplies can be secured.

It is a source of congratulation to the officers in charge of the Quartermaster's Department that our troops are comfortably clothed and fed during this season of constant and severe campaigning, and every one will agree with me that our troops have no cause to murmur when they see what I have seen, rebel soldiers captured with spurs made fast to shoeless heels, and all in rags and tatters.

## THE WAR IN ARKANSAS.

### The Enemy Completely Routed.

WASHINGTON, Oct 25.

The following was received at the Headquarters of the army to-day:

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 24.—TO MAJOR GENERAL HALLECK, *General-in Cheif*;

Our arms are entirely successful again in northwestern Arkansas.

Gen. Schofield, finding that the enemy had camped at Pea Ridge, sent Gen. Blunt with the Post Division westward, and moved towards Huntsville with the rest of his forces.

Gen. Blunt, by making a hard night's march, reached and attacked the rebel force at Maysville, near the north-west corner of Arkansas, at 7 o'clock A. M., on the 22d inst. The enemy was under cover, and estimated at some 5,000 to 7,000 strong.

The engagement lasted about an hour, and resulted in the total rout of the enemy with the loss of all his artillery, a battery of six pounders a large number of horses and a portion of their transportation and camp and garrison equipage.

Our cavalry and light howitzers are still in pursuit of the scattered forces.

When the messenger left our loss was small. General Schofield pursued the rebels through Huntsville and beyond Huntsville, coming close upon them. The enemy fled precipitately beyond the Boston mountains. All the organized rebel forces of the west have thus been driven back to the valley of the Arkansas river, and the army of the frontier has gallantly and successfully accomplished its mission.

S. R. CURTIS,
Major General Commanding.

## A Reverend Traitor Arrested.

A man named J. J. Stine, professing to be a Lutheran minister, was arrested on Friday charged, among other things, with having betrayed Captain Palmer, of the Anderson Troop, into rebel captivity. The prisoner hails from Perry county, and has long been suspected of secession proclivities. Some time since, however, he volunteered his services to the Government as a scout, and was accepted, because of his familiarity with the local divisions, streams, roads, and mountain passes of Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania. After the rebels were at Antietam creek, Capt. Palmer had occasion to cross the Potomac.—He was accompanied by Stine, who conducted him to a farm house near dam No. 4. where they had crossed. Shortly after arriving at the house Stine absented himself and remained away about an hour. Not long after Stine departed the rebels entered the house and at once captured Capt. Palmer, since which time he has not been heard from. Thus the affair stood. Nothing was seen or heard of Stine until the rebel raid on Chambersburg. He arrived there in advance of the enemy, and remained during their stay. He was recognized by a number who knew him, and closely watched his movements. He was frequently seen in conversation with some of Stuart's officers. On this point the evidence of respectable men and women is positive. Besides this, it is confidently believed that the accused had perfected a plan to have Governor Curtin captured. When the Governor visited Hagerstown the rebels had left. He remained there a short time, and within an hour or two after he returned a part of the rebel cavalry made a grand dash into the town, and from certain remarks which fell from some of their lips they were evidently in search of him. He escaped only a few hours before the rebels made the dash. The prisoner was taken to Philadelphia, and sent thence to Fort Delaware for examination.

[From a private source we learn that on the evening following the arrest of the Rev. Stine, Mrs. Stine put her child to bed and went down stairs to attend her household duties. On returning she found that the child had pulled a pillow over its face and was thus smothered to death.—EDS. TRIBUNE.]

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE ON THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—$10,000 WORTH OF FREIGHT DESTROYED.—On Saturday evening, soon after 4 o'clock, a destructive fire broke out on a freight train, on one of the new sidings on the Pennsylvania railroad, opposite the Marine Hospital, and immediately above the outer depot. Immense stores of freight were standing in the cars on these sidings, ready for shipment east. Among other valuable goods, were not less than one thousand barrels of refined oil, on trucks, but divided up among the different trains, so as to lessen the risk from fire. It is supposed by some that a spark from the locomotive attached to the Express train, which left here at four o'clock, set fire to one of the barrels of oil, while others are of the opinion that the fire caught by a spark falling into a car loaded with cotton. At all events, the train was soon on fire, and before the cars could be removed to a place of safety, five of them were burnt up.

Of those destroyed, three were truck cars, loaded with refined oil, containing between one hundred and fifty and two hundred barrels, and worth about $2,800. Another car contained thirteen bales of cotton, which at the high price of that article, will involve a loss of about $3,500. The fifth car contained a large quantity of chewing tobacco, and other valuable freight, estimated to be worth some $4,000. The cars destroyed and the damage to the track, will involve a loss of at least $2,500. The expansion of the rails, on the siding, bent the track into a variety of shapes, and the rails will have to be replaced. It was with great difficulty that the fire was confined to the limits specified, which was done by uncoupling and running off the cars in front and rear of those in flames, and removing the trains on the adjoining sidings. —*Pittsburg Gazette, Oct. 27th.*

☞ Gov. Andrew, of Mass., has published a statement denying the charges that at the Altoona meeting of Governers he had taken a prominent part in attempting to degrade General McClellan, and that he had made a motion to that effect in the convention, which was to be pressed upon the President.

## Destitute Condition of the Confederate Army.

The Richmond *Whig* of the 20th, has an editorial which fully discloses the destitute condition of the Confederate army in North-western Virginia.

The *Whig* in this article says:

We refer to the subject again, not for the purpose of finding fault with the Government, though it has been guilty of unpardonable neglect, but to remind the people of their duty in the premises. Our information is derived from persons who have been with the army for some months, and whose opportunities have been such as to leave no doubt of the correctness of their statement.

The health, zeal and discipline of the army are all that the most sanguine friend of our holy cause could desire. Since their return to Virginia, the troops have had ample time to rest and recruit their strength, and their supplies of good beef and flour have been abundant. The stragglers and absentees, including many of the sick and wounded, have rejoined their several commands, and the army is stronger to-day in numbers, than it has been at any time since it left the banks of the James river. But it is not of the discipline, the health, or the commissary department of the army that we propose to speak to-day, but of the destitute condition of the troops in regard to clothing and shoes.

What, then, is their conition? We assert most emphatically and positively, that up to the 15th day of this month, it was most deplorable. We do not mean to say that such was the condition of the entire army, or of even a majoritity of the troops; but that large numbers of them were barefooted, in rags, and coverd with vermin, and that those in the hospitals at Winchester were the victims of the most cruel neglect. As already remarked, this information comes to us from such sources and in so direct a way that we feel authorized to assert, in the most positive manner that such is the sad condition of large numbers of the troops from all the States—the glorious conquerers, too, at Richmond, at Manassas, in the Valley and in Maryland. We are assured, moreover, that any other statement, showing a more favorable condition of the army, while it may be gratifying to the public, is cruel by wrong to the troops themselves, in that, it may lead the people and the authorities to slacken their efforts to furnish the necessary supplies.

It may be asked, how is it that the troops have become thus suddenly destitute? The answer is readily given. Having marched from the James river to the Rappahannock, they fought their way from that stream to the Potomac, passed into Maryland, reduced Harper's Ferry, fought two great battles at Boonesboro' Gap, Sharpsburg, engaged in numberless skirmishes, and returned to Virginia, all in the space of one month. The weather was extremely hot, and many of the men fell out by the way; others wore out their shoes, and were unable to carry their baggage on barefeet over stony turnpikes; whilst others stripped themselves of their knapsacks when they went into the fight, and coming out at different places were never able to recover them.

In "the wear and tear" of battle, too, among chapparel and sharp rocks of the mountains, and along the hills and valleys, many lost portions of the clothing they had on, and emerged from the terrible conflict with little else than trusty muskets and cartridge boxes. Indeed, we learn from a gentlemen, who speaks from personal observation, that it was no uncommon thing to pass men on the march whose miserable outfit was not sufficient to hide their nakedness. Some were without shirts, others had on the dirty remnant of a pair of pants, without shoes, almost without caps or hats. Some were barefooted, others had on ragged socks but no shoes, while one man he saw was destitute of cap and shoes, and had one leg of his pants torn entirely away! Let it be remembered, too, that many of these troops, thus ragged and destitute, and limping along on feet covered with stonebruises, had been reared up in luxury, and accustomed to all the comforts wealth and industry can supply.

But, bad as is the condition of the men in camp, those who were wounded and sent back to the hospitals are still more unfortunate. Surgeons and medicines were sent up to Winchester, to which point most of the sick and wounded were taken, but up to the 15th inst., we are assured that the medical department had not furnished a solitary cot, bedsack, sheet, pillow, or change of clothing for these unfortunates. With the single exception of the York Hospital, which was formerly occupied by the Yankees, and where they had left a comple outfit of hospital furniture, the sick and wounded were huddled together upon the dirty floor—in many instances without a wisp of straw between their aching bones and the hard plank! At Hollingsworth Grove large numbers were placed under tent flies, with nothing to protect them against the cold night air and driving mountain mists.

A few cases are reported where the patients were as naked as babies just born, their scanty clothing having been torn off to dress their wounds, and but for a blanket borrowed from a comrade they would have been wholly destitute of any covering save the narrow fly that had been stretched above them. Such as were fortunate enough to get into private quarters were well cared for; but even the most wealthy citizens of the town and country are but illy prepared to provide for the sick and wounded. The lower valley of the Shenandoah has been occupied alternately by one party or the other for eighteen months, and the people have been stripped of almost every comfort. Some of the good women of Winchester had established hospital kitchens, and in Warrenton they even tore up their calico dresses to make bandages for the sufferers; but with every disposition to assist the wounded, they found it impossible, from a lack of means, to relieve their destitute condition.

## Important Army Order.

The following order has just been issued by the War Department at Washington.

First—Enlistments into the regular army under General Order, No. 154, may be made either in the field or in the several States, but not more than ten volunteers will be enlisted from any one company.

Second—The $25 advance of the $100 bounty, authorized by Section 5th of the act of Congress approved July 29th, 1861, and the $2 premium, authorized by the act approved June 21st, 1862, will only be paid to volunteers enlisting into the regular army under this order, who have not already received it. When recruiting officers are furnished with funds, these amounts, or either of them, will be credited to the soldier in the first muster roll after his enlistment, and paid by the paymaster who pays him.

☞ A nice little financial speculation has just been performed at San Francisco. The State Treasurer it seems has paid the United States Assistant Treasurer, on account of the direct tax levied in California for national purposes, sixty-three thousand dollars in legal tender notes.—The money was paid into the State Treasury in gold, and much indignation is manifested against the Treasurer for changing the gold for notes before settling with the United States Treasurer. The government formally protests against the State speculating at the expense of the National Government, and the public is apparently in his favor. It is thought the Legislature will disapprove of such financeering and compel the Treasurer to hand over, for the benefit of the general Government, whatever profit the State realized.

THE GREAT BILLIARD MATCH.—It will doubtless interest the lovers of billiards to learn that the great match beteen Foley and Kavanagh comes off at Buffalo on the sixth of next month. They are to play a carom game of fifteen hundred points, and the stakes we believe amount to $1,000 a side. The parties have had two games already, and this is the third and deciding one of the match. An immense amount of money has been wagered on the result, and the issue, especially among billiard players, will be looked for with interest.


LINDSEY'S IMPROVED

BLOOD SEARCHER,

A SURE CURE FOR

Cancer,
Cancerous Formations,
Scrofula,
Cutaneous Diseases,
Erysipelas, Boils,
Pimples on the Face,
Sore Eyes,
Tetter Affections,
Scald Head,
Dyspepsia,
Costiveness,
Old and Stubborn Ulcers
Rheumatic Disorders,
Jaundice,
Salt Rheum,
Mercurial Diseases,
General Debility,
Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,
Female Complaints,
Epilepsy or Fits,
Paralysis or Palsy,
Syphilitic Diseases and
Caries of the Bones.

Together with all other diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood or circulatory system.

CASE OF DANIEL A. BOYD.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1861.

DR. G. H. KEYSER:—I take pleasure in making this voluntary statement in favor of a medicine prepared by you called "LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER." I had suffered for five years with Scrofula which broke out on my head and forehead so as to disfigure me very much, and took off the hair when the disease made its appearance; it also broke out on my arm above and below the elbow, and eat into the skin and flesh so as to expose a fearful sore. The sores on my head went so far that several small pieces of bone came out. I was very weak and low spirited, and had given up all hope of ever getting well, as I had tried several skillful physicians and they did me no good. In September last, 1861, I was induced to try "LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER." I must confess I had no faith in patent medicines, but after I had used three bottles of Blood Searcher, the ulcers on my head and arm began to heal. I have now taken eight or ten bottles, and my head and arm are entirely well except the scars remaining from the sores. I will also state that I had the rheumatism very bad in my arms and legs. The Blood Searcher has cured the rheumatism. I am now a well man, over forty years of age, and I feel as supple and young as I did when I was twenty, and have increased in weight twenty pounds. I would also state that the disease in my forehead was so bad that when I stooped and lifted anything heavy, the blood run out of the sore. Dr. Keyser had a photograph taken of me by Mr. Cargo, the artist, after I began to get well. It does not show my appearance as bad as it was before I commenced taking the medicine. You can see the photograph, one of which is now in my possession, and also at Dr. Keyser's 140 Wood street. I would also state that I took the Blood Searcher which was made before Dr. Keyser commenced making it. Although it helped me some, I did not recover fast until I got the kind made by Dr. Keyser himself. One bottle of his did as more good than two of the old. I believe it is a great deal stronger and better. I have recommended the Blood Searcher to a great many of my friends for various diseases, and I believe it has helped the whole of them. You may publish this if you wish, and I am anxious that all who are afflicted as I was may be cured. I live in this city, No. 4 Pine street, and am employed at Colville & Anderson's Union Marble Works, 54 Wayne street.

DANIEL A. BOYD.

A BLIND MAN CURED.

I live in Sligo, at Clinton Mill, and have been nearly blind in both eyes for nearly four years. I called on Dr. Keyser about three months ago and asked him to give me directions to the Institution for the Blind in Philadelphia. He told me that I need not go to Philadelphia to get well as he had medicine that would cure me, as he said my disease was in the blood. I was treated for it two or three times in the hospital in this city, and was relieved, but my disease always returned after a month or two after I came out of the hospital. I found my disease was returning and I called, by the advice of a good friend of mine, on Dr. Keyser, who has restored my sight, and my eyes are nearly as well as ever. The Doctor gave me "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" and a wash.

DAVID KINNOLLY.
Clinton Mills, Sligo.

Pittsburg, July 5, 1861.

Witness—E. F. M'Elroy, Anderson street, Allegheny City.

A BAD SORE LEG CURED.

PITTSBURGH, September 18, 1861.—I hereby certify that I have had a sore leg for over a year. It was covered with ulcers and sores so that I could not work for nearly a year. My leg swelled so that I was unable to do anything for a long time, for at least six months. I tried several of the best doctors in the city, but without any benefit; finally I called on Dr. Keyser, at No. 140 Wood street, who only attended me about two weeks, and gave me but two bottles of medicine, and I am now entirely well and have contined so for six months. I am employed at the Eagle Engine House on Fourth street, where any one can see me.

THOMAS FARRELL

CANCER CURED.

A LETTER FROM ENGLAND.—Mr. John Pope, of Blaenavon, near Montypool, Monmontshire, England, writes as follows:

SIR:—An old woman in this place has wished me to write you respecting LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER, from which she found great benefit, and wishes to have a little more. She has been suffering from a disease of a cancerous nature for the last six or seven years. Her daughter, who is living in America, obtained it for her, and sent her eighteen bottles. She is now quite out of it, and I have written to her daughter twice and have received no answer; of course she is anxious to get more, to get completely cured. I told her I would write to you for the agency in this country, and she felt very much pleased to hear me say so. I now beg to ask you on what terms you will supply me; you will please bear in mind the carriage, and supply me as cheap as possible. The carriage on the one dozen bottles was £1 8s 6d. The medicine was a present from her daughter. I would like to have the Blood Searcher in a jar or small cask, if you can send it in that way, or in pint or quart bottles. I will send a bill through bank or registered letter, which ever will be most convenient to you, if you will send me carrier's receipt of the parcel as security. I would send you a stamp to answer this, but as it is uncertain of this reaching you, on account of the country being in six and sevens, a letter which is commonly used, you will be kind enough to charge me with the postage.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed] JOHN POPE.

[We have seen the letter which is published in to-day's *Dispatch*, from John Pope, and believe it to be genuine.—*Editors Dispatch Pittsburgh.*

☞ *Look for Dr. Keyser's name over the corks to prevent being imposed upon.*

Prepared and sold by DR GEORGE H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold in Altoona by A. ROTHE and G. W. KESSLER; in Hollidaysburg by J. R. PATTON and JACOB SNYDER.

June 26, 1862.—1y

# Altoona Tribune.

PRINTED ON

Campbell's $650 "Country Press."



## TRIBUNE POWER-PRESS

CARD & JOB

## PRINTING OFFICE.

Having, within the past two years, made considerable addition to our establishment in the way of new fancy type, Screw Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Ruling Machine, Card Power Press, and large Newspaper Power Press, (a cut of which we give above) we are now prepared to execute anything in the line of printing or ruling in a style equal to any establishment in the State, and at prices equally low. We can execute, on short notice, all styles of

Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Cards,

Circulars, Programmes,

MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILLS,

BILL AND LETTER-HEADS

Pamphlets, Pay and Check Rolls,

BLANK BOOKS,

MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.

All we ask is a trial, feeling confident that we can give satisfaction if we have the opportunity.

Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and Annie streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.


## LOCAL ITEMS.

MOORE'S WAGON.—Many of our readers have seen the elegant piece of workmanship on which our enterprising townsman, J. H. Moore, now rides. It was built by Mr. C. H. Starr, of Greensburg, Pa., and is certainly one of the best made and best finished wagons, for the notion business, that we have ever seen. There is none too much or too little work about it. Everything about it has something of neatness and usefulness. The springs, axles, etc., appear to be improvements over anything of the kind in general use, and all combine neatness with durability. It is pronounced a capital job by all who have examined it and Moore justly feels proud of the institution, as there is nothing on the road which can take him down in any style. He drives the best horses, has the handsomest harness and wagon, and carries the most varied, cheapest and best assortment of notions, and does the heaviest wholesale business of any traveling notion dealer. Success attend him for he deserves it.

NOW FOR A RUSH.—Of course, when we head an article after the above fashion, everybody knows exactly what's coming. They will say, "now the printer is going to puff somebody's new goods."—Too often he does head articles in that way, and then fool people to read them, only to find at the conclusion that somebody has received a lot of new goods, just like J. & J. Lowther. Of course, some people get mad when they are thus humbugged, and say naughty things about the printer, but people who go to J. & J. Lowther's store, and examine the beautiful stock of goods which they have just received, will feel more like thanking the printer for telling them where to find a "leetle" the handsomest stock of ladies' dress goods which ever appeared in the place. Everybody knows that the figures are up, and everybody will find out by going to Lowther's that the style and quality is also up. If J. & J. can't suit the ladies this fall they are hard to please, that's all.

EXCELSIOR.—"There's no use talking," or "mincing words," or "going round the bush," about a matter of fact, such as we shall relate. Jesse Smith has now the neatest, best arranged, most comfortable, accommodating &c., hat and cap store room in this place, or any other place, this side of the cities, and he has it stocked with a stock that beats any other stock except the stock of the man who sold him the stock. He has everything in the line of hats and caps for men and boys, and the "dearest little" flats and caps for misses and children, and very nice flats for larger "dears." If you want a hat or cap drop in at Smith's Excelsior. We must not forget to mention that he has also a fine assortment of ladies furs which he intends to sell this winter, as he will not keep the stock over season. Drop in ladies and get a bargain. We did once. That's so.

BEETS HARD TO BEAT.—This has been a dry season, consequently overgrown vegetables have been few and far between. In the beet line, our townsman, Johnson Moore, has exhibited the finest specimens we have seen this fall. He left three at our office, a few days since, the united weight of which was 12¾ lbs. One weighed 4¾, another 4½, and a third 4 lbs. We have seen large beets, but no beets that would beat these beets this year. If any of our readers have beets that will beat the above beets, we'd like to see them beat them.

☞ A letter recently received by Mr. John Shoemaker, from Mr. Smith, of New York, whose son, a soldier, was killed below Birmingham, by falling from the train, shows that kindness to a stranger is not forgotten. We could desire nothing more for our time and trouble, in such a case, than the spirit of gratefulness which the letter breathes. We should like to publish the letter, were it not for the personal matter which it contains.

☞ The drafted men in Bullskin and Saltlick townships, Fayette county, declare that on no account will they report themselves for service as required by the Commissioner. The Deputy Marshall has been murderously assaulted on several occasions, while serving notices. A military force is about to be sent from Pittsburgh to the beligerent districts, and if the people do not come to their senses and submit to the law, there may be serious results.

WENT TO NEW YORK.—R. A. O. Kerr, is off to New York to lay in his supply of fall and winter goods. It matters not what others may say about their fancy stock, &c., there are those who will wait until Bob returns before they purchase. They always expect him to bring a style that nobody else could hint upon, and he always does it. He buys for cash, sells for cash, and sells cheap. More anon.

☞ The concert for the benefit of the new Catholic church, on Claudia street, came off on Tuesday evening last. This church although yet incomplete is one of the handsomest, internally, in this section of the country, and worth a visit. The Pastor, Rev. J. Twigg, is deservedly popular among his people, and they show their appreciation of his services by liberally responding to his calls for money for improvements.

## PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Quite a convenience—the fractional checks issued by Wm. M. Lloyd & Co.

☞ The drafting of negroes for military service is strongly recommended in the South.

☞ It is stated that the cost of the Forrest divorce case alone amount to 40,000. The suit was commenced fourteen years ago.

☞ Rich—the triangular fight between the Huntingdon editors. If they tell half truth about each other, they are a pretty set of poseys.

☞ The number of sick, wounded, convalescent and paroled soldiers in and about Washington is 34,440.

☞ J. S. M. Young, editor of the Erie City *Dispatch*, was among the unfortunates who drew a ticket on the 16th inst.

☞ The official returns of the Ohio State election, give a Democratic majority for Supreme Judge of 8,740.

☞ The Quakers of Illinois are to be subject to the draft, and those who are drafted are to fall in or pay $200 each.

☞ The Indian country gets hold of the fashions after a while. Crinoline has been introduced among the Cherokees, and the Indian maidens now wear war-whoops.

"CONTABANDS."—It is stated that the whole number of negroes at Fortress Monroe is about 6,000, and of these, 600 of the men are in the employ of the government. At Hampton there are 1,500 to 2,000, and Norfolk 1,500.

☞ The miners at Broad Top are on a strike. They have bern receiving fifty cents a ton for mining, and now demand sixty cents. At fifty cents a ton a good miner could make from fifty to sixty dollars a month. The owners of the mines refuse the increase in price,

☞ The *Standard* has it that the premium on gold has gone down nearly ten per cent. since the Democratic victories in Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania. We hope such may be the case, but the city quotations and the price demanded don't show it. The tendency appears to be the other way.

NEW EXPLOSIVE MATERIAL.—The latest explosive material consists of the flour of starch, which, boiled in a peculiar way with nitric acid, possesses it is said, a far greater projectile force than the gunpowder in ordinary use. It is probably somewhat similar to gun cotton.

☞ Five dollar bills purporting to be issued by the Clinton Bank of Pennsylvania, are in circulation. The notes are altered from the broken Clinton Bank, of Maryland, are well engraved, and have a railroad train on upper centre. There is no bank of that name in Pennsylvania.

DRAFTED MEN ORGANIZED.—It is stated that five regiments of drafted men have been organized in Camp Curtin, and the men are comfortable and contented. They are permitted to organize companies and elect their own line officers. Those thus selected will be commissioned at once. A new camp of rendezvous for drafted men has been established at Reading.

THE RESULT IN OHIO.—The official returns of Ohio give a Democratic majority for Supreme Judge of eight thousand seven hundred and forty. The democratic vote has increased thirty-five thousand over last year; the Union vote has decreased twenty-eight thousand. The total vote of the State has fallen off seventy-eight thousand since the Presidential election.

DESTRUCTION OF A PRINTING OFFICE.—We learn from several gentleman direct from Carlisle, that the Carlise *Volunteer* printing office was attacked by some of the soldiers in that borough, on Friday, and completely demolished. The issue of the *Volunteer* of this week, it is said, contained a malignant assult on the President, the army, and loyal men generally, for which the soldiers attacked and destroyed the office.

THE DRAFTED MILITIA.—The State authorities have determined to place the drafted men of the border counties in camp along our southern borders, as follows: Three regiments from Franklin, Fulton and Cumberland counties, in camp at Chambersburg; one regiment from Adams county, in camp at Gettysburg; two regiments from York county, in camp at York, and regiments from the other border counties, in camp at their respective county seats.

IMPORTANT IF TRUE.—The Harrisburg correspondent of the *Inquirer* states that "the soldiers' vote on the State ticket, wherever taken and sent to the different prothonotaries, will be accepted." If this be true, and this vote is counted, it will give the State to the Republicans by a handsome majority. The same correspondent also states that "it is now certain that the National Union party have a working majority in the State Legislature, *on joint ballot*.

ALTERED TREASURY NOTES.—A dangerous fraud in Treasury notes has just been discovered, an apparent "Ten" being found to be a one dollar note, with the word ten pasted on it. Unsuspecting persons would be very apt to take these "raised" bills for their apparant value, but a slight examination only is necessary to discover the face of the note is dotted with the words "One Dollar," "One Dollar," "One Dollar." There is also a likeness of Secretary Chase, as large as life while the genuine tens are honored by the features of President Lincoln. Caution, therefore, is all that is required to guard against these altered bills.

ACCIDENT.—On Monday evening last, the ledge of rocks which projected over the railroad track, just below the horse-shoe, at Kittanning Point, fell down upon the track and was run into by the first through freight train Eastward, causing a considerable wreck of cars and killing a brakeman named Joseph Watson. The Engineer of the train had his wrist sprained and the conductor his ankle injured—neither seriously. We did not learn whether Watson was married or single. He had but recently obtained the situation, and the trip which proved his last was only the first or second he had made on the road.

BOY LOST.—Left his home in Summit township, Erie county, Pa., on the 17th of Sept. last, Frederick Bœhm, aged about 12 years. He was last seen on the platform of the passenger train which left Erie, on the 17th, at 2 o'clock, carrying a company of State Guards for Harrisburg. He has grey eyes, a wide forehead, black hair, and was dressed in a suit of blue overall goods. Had a habit of sucking the two middle fingers of his right hand.

Any person conveying any information of his whereabouts will confer a great favor on his distressed parents.

JACOB BŒHM.

Summit tp., Oct. 2, 1862.

GEN. PRICE RESIGNED.—Brig. Gen. Edwin Price, son of Major General Price, of the Confederate army, has taken the oath of allegiance to the United States. He was captured near Warsaw, Mo., last winter, and since that time has been on parole. He was recently exchanged for General Prentice, and after visiting the rebel camp at Grenada, Miss., returned to St. Louis. He gives it as his opinion that the rebellion is nearly broken, and that the Confederate army can exist but a short time longer. He visited Gen. Curtis' headquarters, and immediately on his return resigned his position under the Richmond government, and gave his commission to Gen. Curtis for the latter to send through the lines. After subscribing to the oath of allegiance, he announced his determination to observe it in both letter and spirit.

STOWING POTATOES.—As many of our farmers and gardeners are now stowing away their winter supply of potatoes, the following hints on the subject from a correspondent of the *Scientific American* may prove of use. The writer says he has tried it four years and it has proved a soverign remedy, not having lost a bushel in that time after they were harvested, though in some cases they were half diseased when taken out of the ground. The receipt is as follows: "Dust over the floor of the bin with lime and put in about six or seven inches deep of potatoes and dust with lime as before. Put in six or seven inches more of potatoes, and lime again; repeating the operation till all are stowed in that way. One bushel of lime will do for forty bushels of potatoes, though more will not hurt them—the lime rather improving the flavor than otherwise.

☞ The Wilmington (N. C.) *Journal* (Rebel) says that seven regiments of negroes, which have been in camps of instruction under white officers for three months, and which have been remarkably profficient in drill, have arrived to garrison the towns and fortifications during the sickly seasons.

The Mormons are turning their attention to the cultivation of cotton, putting money and enterprise into it.


☞ To be had at Fritchey's FAMILY GROCERY, corner of Main and Caroline streets:

A large lot of choice Sweet Potatoes at
At FRITCHEY'S.

A fine lot of Baking and Eating Apples
At FRITCHEY'S.

Potatoes always for sale
At FRITCHEY'S.

Sugars, Coffee, Teas and Syrups, fresh from the city,
At FRITCHEY'S.

Baker's best Family Flour, by the pound, sack or barrel.
At FRITCHEY'S.

Sugar cured Hams, the cheapest in town,
At FRITCHEY'S.

Sugar cured Beef
At FRITCHEY'S.

No. 1 Carbon Oil and Lamps,
At FRITCHEY'S.

Fresh Butter and Eggs always to be had
At FRITCHEY'S.

Altoona, Aug. 14, 1862.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
THE GREAT DIURETIC.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
THE GREAT DIURETIC.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
THE GREAT DIURETIC.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
THE GREAT DIURETIC.

And a Positive and Specific Remedy for Diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys,
Gravel, Dropsy,
Organic Weakness.
And all Diseases of the Urinary Organs.

See Advertisement in another column. Cut it out, and send for the Medicine at once.

*BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.*

TO THE NERVOUS OF BOTH SEXES.—A retired Clergyman having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of great suffering, is willing to assist others by sending (free) on the receipt of a post-paid directed envelope, a copy of the prescription used. Direct the REV. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186, Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. [June 12.-4m.


## MARRIED.

On the 23d inst., by Rev. C. L. Ehrenfield, Mr. JOHN M. GARRET, to Miss ANNIE M. SISLER, both of Altoona.

In this place, on the 26th inst., by Rev. A. H. Sembower, Mr. DAVID P. BALL, to Miss MAGDALENE KESSER.


NEW FIRM.—The subscribers take this method of announcing to the people of Altoona, and the Public generally that they have opened a

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

in the room recently occupied by John H. Roberts. The business heretofore carried on by Mr. Roberts, will, in the future, be in the name of Roberts & Rutherford.

They will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

Boots & Shoes,
GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c., &c., &c.

which they will offer at fair prices and warrant to be of the best material aap manufacture. Particular attention will be given to

CUSTOM WORK,

in which we warrant to give entire satisfaction, as we buy the best stock and employ none but the best workmen.

Remember the old stand, on Virginia Street, one door East of Kessler's Drug Store.

Oct. 10 1862-tf. JOHN H. ROBERTS, WM. H. RUTHERFORD.

Glorious News!

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have just returned from the East with their

FALL AND WINTER STYLES OF
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES.

Their stock of HATS & CAPS have been selected with great care, and with the view of suiting all who may favor them with their patronage. Their line of Boots and Shoes is complete.

Their *LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES* are of City make, and warranted. Their Balmoral Shoes for Ladies and Misses, are just the thing for fall and winter.

Thankful to the public for their very liberal patronage heretofore, they hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Store on *MAIN ST.* next door to Bowman's Exchange Hotel. SMITH & MANN.

HARDWARE—HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

CHARLES J. MANN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE.
WOODEN WARE, BROOMS,
WINDOW SHADES.
DOOR MATS,
UPHOLSTERING GOODS,
SHOE FINDINGS,
COFFIN TRIMMINGS,
MOULDERS' TOOLS,
BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS,
WINDOW GLASS,
PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."

Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—A large and varied stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, just received, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest, at MURPHY & McPIKE'S Store,
Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

MUSIC!—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN on the Piano-Forte and Melodeon, by Miss M. SHOEMAKER. TERMS, $10 per quarter. No charge for the use of the Instrument. Residence on Catharine Street, West Altoona. [Jan. 16, 1862.-tf.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at
1-tf. G. W. KESSLER'S.

DO YOU WANT A HAT OR CAP, cheap or fine?—go to LAUGHMAN'S.

NORTH WARD AHEAD!

*NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!*

AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-exciting times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can and will sell AS LOW, if not A LITTLE LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducements which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,
LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES,
MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,
MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE, HATS AND CAPS,
Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins,
Dried Peaches and Dried Apples, Plain and
Canvassed Hams, &c., &c., &c.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at | | 12½ cents. |
| FAST MADDER COLORS, | | 10 " |
| FANCY DELAINES, | from 12½ to | 25 " |
| Fine Bleached MUSLINS yard wide, | | 12½ " |
| " " | ¾ " | 10 " |
| " " | ¾ " | 6¼ " |
| Heavy Unbl'ched " | yard | 12½ " |
| " " " | ⅞ " | 8 and 10 " |
| LAWNS, | | from 8 to 15 " |
| LADIES' SLIPPERS, | | from 40 to 50 " |
| " Fine, French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES, | | $1 25 |
| " Pegged | | 1 00 |
| MEN'S CALF BOOTS, | | 2 75 |
| " GOAT " | | 2 50 |
| BOYS' GOAT, (Nos. 4 and 5,) | | 1 50 |
| MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to | | 1 00 |
| MEN'S CALF MONROES, | | 1 00 |

All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low.

GROCERIES Rio Coffee at 20 cents, White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents. Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts.; Best Honey and Lovering's Syrup, at 60 cts.; Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts.; Baking Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPRANKLE.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.] North Ward.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST
*FALL & WINTER GOODS!!*

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

*Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Berages, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.*

ALSO,

Tickings, Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Altoona, April 4, 1862.

600,000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS TO SELL

LLOYD'S NEW STEEL PLATE COUNTY COLORED MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, CANADAS, AND NEW BUNSWICK.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of fifty cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County Map, but it is also a
COUNTY AND RAILROAD MAP
of the United States and Canadas combined in one, giving
EVERY RAILROAD STATION
and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvas well furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our Maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No Competition.*

J. T. LLOYD, No. 164 Broadway, New York.

The War Department uses our Map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania; cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Rhoresville, Nolandt's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in Maryland, Virginia, and Pennsylvania, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S
TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY,
OHIO, INDIANA, and ILLINOIS,

is the only authority for Gen. Buell and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it. Price 50 cents.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND, AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The Map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

LLOYD'S GREAT MAP OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm. BOWEN, Mississippi River Pilots of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets, $2, pocket form, and $2.50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Sept. 17, 1862.

J. T. LLOYD—*Sir:* Send your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy.

GROCERY, PROVISION
AND
WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA,
SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1861-tf.] J. BERKOWITZ.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer at Private Sale EIGHT BUILDING LOTS, situate on the top of the hill, above the reservoir of the Altoona Gas & Water Company, being now held as property by the Presbyterian Church. The lots are fifty feet front by 175 feet deep, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase or view these lots will receive all information concerning them by applying to Michael Cinbaugh, R. H. McCormick, Alexander McCormick, or Chas. J. Mann, Trustees of Presbyterian Church. [Altoona, April 3, 1862.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH,
JAS. LOWTHER, President.
Secretary. [May 15-'62]

OUR LADY FRIENDS WOULD DO well to look in upon the choice and chaste assortment of Summer DRESS GOODS now displayed upon the well-filled shelves of MURPHY & McPIKE,
Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

FOR RENT.—The subscriber offers for rent the Store-Room on the corner of Annie and Harriet streets, East Altoona, lately occupied by Foust & Ensler. Possession given immediately. Apply to
Oct. 2, 1862—tf ANDREW KIPPLE.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE

PREPARATIONS

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A Positive and Specific Remedy
For Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS, are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is good for MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWIAG SYMPTOMS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Indisposition to Exertion, | Difficulty of Breathing, |
| Loss of Memory | Loss of Power, |
| Weak Nerves, | Trembling, |
| Horror of Disease, | Wakefulness, |
| Dimness of Vision, | Pain in the Back, |
| Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, | |
| Hot Hands, | Flushing of the Body, |
| Dryness of the Skin, | Eruptions of the Face. |

PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows IMPOTENCY, FATUITY EPILEPTIC FITS, in one of which the patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "DIREFUL DISEASES."

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering,
BUT NONE WILL CONFESS
THE RECORDT OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS,
And the melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITH ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the System, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

FEMALES! FEMALES!!

OLD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœ or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

No Family Should be Without It.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUBHU.
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

CURES SECRET DISEASES

| | |
|---|---|
| In all their stages, | At little Expense, |
| Little or no change in Diet, | No inconvenience |
| And no Exposure. | |

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra. Allaying Pain and Inflamation so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous Diseases and worn-out Matter.

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS who have been the victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

Whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE.

From whatever cause originating, and no matter at

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the aid of a DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is the Great DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicines.

Certificates of Cures, from eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

Price $1,00 Per Bottle, or Six for $5,

Delivered to any address, securely packed from any observation.

DESCRIBE SYMPTONS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS.
Cures Guaranteed. Advice Gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparation contains no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854. W. P. HIBBARD, Alderman.
Ninth St., above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence to
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot, 104 South Tenth-St., below Chestnut,
Philadelphia, Penn.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS,

Who endeavor to dispose "OF THEIR OWN" and "OTHER" articles on the reputation attained by Helmbold's Genuine Preparations,

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| do | do | Extract Buchu, |
| do | do | do Sarsaparilla, |
| do | do | Improved Rose Wash. |

Sold by Druggists every-where. Take no other. Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

September 17th, 1862-1y.

*To Destroy*—Rats, Roaches, &c.
*To Destroy*—Mice, Moles, and ants.
*To Destroy*—Bed Bugs.
*To Destroy*—Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
*To Destroy*—Mosquitoes and Flies.
*To Destroy*—Insects on plants and Fowls.
*To Destroy*—Insects on Animals, &c.
*To Destroy*—Every form and species of Vermin.

"Costar's" Rat Roach, &c., Exterminator.
"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator.
"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects, &c.

IN 25c. 50c. AND $1,00 BOTTLES AND FLASKS, $5 AND $6 SIZES FOR PLANTATIONS, SHIPS, BOATS, HOTELS, &c.

"THE ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN."

"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats do not die on the premesis."
"They come out of their holes to die."

☞ *Sold Everywhere*—by

All WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS in the large cities, and by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS, STOREKEEPERS, and RETAILERS generally, in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona.

☞ COUNTRY DEALERS can order as above.
Or address orders direct—(or for Prices, Terms, &c.) to
HENRY R. COSTAR.
PRINCIPAL DEPOT—No. 482 Broadway New York.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINE.

R. A. O. KERR,
ALTOONA, PA.,
*Agent for Blair County.*

WHEELER & WILSON'S

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

OVER 1,400 MORE

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as to the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and H. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

WEST BRANCH INSURANCE CO.,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

PREMIUM NOTES IN FORCE.....405,000.

Insures property on as reasonable terms as are consistent with security.

DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|---|
| G. C. Harvey, | O. D. Satterlee, |
| J. B. Hall, | Jacob Brown, |
| P. M. Price, | Allison White, |
| Simon Scott, | C. A. Mayer, |
| Alex. Sloan. | W. Fearon. |

O. D. SATTERLEE, V. P. G. C. HARVEY, Pres't.
J. W. CHAPMAN, Secretary.
July 3, '62-1y.] R. A. O. KERR, Agent, Altoona.

C. C. SERVER & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO THOMAS R. TAYLOR & CO.)

Paper, Envelpe, and Printers' Card
WAREHOUSE,
No. 513, MINOR STREET,
*PHILADELPHIA, PA.*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WRITING, LETTER, NOTE, PRINTING, WRAPPING, MANILLA, TISSUE, SHOE AND HARDWARE PAPERS,
Printers' Cards,
BONNET, BOX AND STRAW BOARDS.
Printers, Blank Book Manufacturers,

Stationers and Storekeepers, will find it to their advantage to CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
May 1st, 1862.-1y.

GROVER & BAKER'S

Sewing Machines!

HAVING ACCEPTED THE AGENCY for the sale of the above celebrated Machines, we are now prepared to furnish, on short notice, any of the various styles of machines manufactured by this Company, ranging in price from

$40 to $100.

Purchasers of these Machines have the advantage of chosing one making either the celebrated Grover & Baker Stitch, or the Lock Stitch, the only valuable Sewing Machine stitches in practical use. The superiority of these Machines over all others, for family sewing, is now fairly established. The peculiarities of the different styles of Machines will be cheerfully explained to any one wishing to purchase. J. & J. LOWTHER,
Altoona, Aug. 7th-3m. Agents.

S. M. WOODKOK,
*ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,*
Altoona, Penn'a,

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Being associated with CHARLES E. PLEASANT, Esq., Military and Claim Agent, of Washington City, he will devote special attention to the prosecution and collection of claims against the United States, including Pensions, Bounty Lands, Arrears of Pay for Services in the Army and Navy, and generally all business before any of the Departments.

Office on Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.
May 15, 1862-tf.

ANOTHER OF THE SAME SORT!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the people of Altoona and vicinity that they have opened a

HAT AND CAP
&
BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

in the room formerly occupied by Wolf & Brother, on Main street, next door to Bowman's Exchange Hotel, where they will keep constantly on hand a large stock of goods in their line, consisting of Hats and Caps and Boots and Shoes exclusively, and will be prepared, at all times, to accommodate those who may favor them with their patronage. Their stock of

LADIES, MISSES, AND CHILDREN'S SHOES

is large and varied, while their assortment for

MEN AND BOYS

is equally complete. These Hats and Caps are of the very latest fashion, and of different styles suitable for classes.

They buy all their goods for cash, and are willing to sell them at a very small profit.

Call and examine the stock and prices, and judge for yourselves. SMITH & MANN.
Altoona, July 10, 1862.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Gent's Model Improved SHIRTS—Cassimere and Muslin Shirts—fine and coarse—white and colored.
LAUGHMAN'S.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Jewelry, Hair and Clothes Brushes, Purses, Pocket-knives, &c., at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

# TRIBUNE DIRECTORY.

## CHURCHES, MINISTERS, &c.

PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. A. S. CLARK, Pastor—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School in same room at 9½ o'clock in the morning.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. W. LEE STOCKTON, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.—Sabbath School in the same room at 2 o'clock P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN—Rev. C. L. REINEWALD, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.—Sabbath School in same room at 9 o'clock A. M.

GERMAN LUTHERAN—Rev. J. H. SCHNEIDT, Pastor—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock.—Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.

BAPTIST—Rev. A. H. SKINNOWER, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M.

UNITED BRETHREN—Rev. SAMUEL KEPHART, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School in the same room at 9 o'clock in the morning.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL—(No regular Pastor.)—Preaching on Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M.

ENGLISH CATHOLIC—Rev. JOHN TUIGG, Pastor—Divine services every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

GERMAN CATHOLIC—Rev. ———, Pastor. —Divine services every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sabbath School at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

AFRICAN METHODIST—Rev. ALEXANDER JOHNSON, Pastor.—Preaching every Fourth Sabbath in each month. Prayer Meeting every Friday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

## RAIL ROAD SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 5, 1862, TRAINS will arrive at and leave Altoona Station as follows:

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Express Train East arrives | | 8,20 P. M., | leaves | 8,40 P. M. |
| " | " West " | 7,50 A. M., | " | 8,10 A. M. |
| Fast " | East " | 12,55 A. M., | " | 1,00 A. M. |
| " | " West " | 8,05 P. M., | " | 8,20 P. M. |
| Mail " | East " | 7,30 A. M., | " | 7,45 A. M. |
| " | " West " | 6,45 P. M., | " | 7,00 P. M. |

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train West, and Mail Train East and West.

☞ THE BRANCH TRAIN also makes one trip to Huntingdon—leaving Hollidaysburg at 10.15 A. M.—Altoona at 10.50 P. M.—and arriving at Huntingdon at 1.20 P. M. RETURNING.—Leaves Huntingdon at 1.20 P. M.—Altoona at 3,15 P. M.—and arrives at Hollidaysburg at 3.45.

ENOCH LEWIS, *Gen'l Supt.*

## MAILS CLOSE AND OPEN.

MAILS CLOSE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eastern Way | 7 15 A. M. |
| Western Way | 7 30 " |
| Hollidaysburg | 7 15 A. M. & 6 30 P. M. |
| Western Through | 7 20 P. M. |
| Eastern Through | 7 20 " |

MAILS ARRIVE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hollidaysburg | 7,20 A. M. & 6 45 P. M. |
| Western Through | 7 30 A. M. |
| Eastern Through | 7 50 " |
| Western Way | 8 20 P. M. |
| Eastern Way | 6 45 " |

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week, from 6 45 A. M. till 7 30 P. M. On Sundays, from 7 45 till 9 00 A. M.

GEO. W. PATTON P. M.

## MEETINGS OF ASSOCIATIONS.

MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 281, A. Y. M., meets on third Tuesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in the third story of the Masonic Temple.

MOUNTAIN R. A. CHAPTER, No. 189. R. A. C., meets on the first Thursday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

MOUNTAIN COUNCIL, No. 9, R. & S. M., meets on the first Monday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

MOUNTAIN COMMANDERY, No. 10, K. T. meets on the fourth Tuesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

ALTOONA LODGE, No. 473, I. O. of O. F., meets every Friday evening, at 7½ o'clock, in the third story of Jaggard's Hall.

VERANDA LODGE, No. 532, I. O. of O. F., meets every Monday evening, at 7½ o'clock, in third story of Patton's Building, on Virginia street.

WINNEBAGO TRIBE, No. 35, I. O. R. M., meets every Tuesday evening in the second story of Masonic Temple. Council fire kindled at 7th run 30th breath.

ALTOONA DIVISION, No. 311, S. of T., meets every Saturday evening, at 7 o'clock, in the second story of the Masonic Temple.

## STATE OFFICERS.

*Governor*—Andrew G. Curtin.
*Secretary of State*—Eli Slifer.
*Attorney General*—William M. Meredith.
*Auditor General*—Thomas E. Cochran.
*Surveyor General*—William L. Wright.
*Adjutant General*—E. M. Biddle.
*State Treasurer*—Henry D. Moore.

## BLAIR COUNTY OFFICERS.

*Judges of the Courts*—President Judge, Hon George Taylor. Associates, Samuel Dean, Adam Moses.
*State Senator*—Hon. Lewis W. Hall.
*Assemblyman*—Thaddeus Banks.
*Prothonotary*—Anthony S. Morrow.
*Register and Recorder*—Hugh A. Caldwell.
*Sheriff*—Samuel McCamant. Deputy—John Marks.
*District Attorney*—Benjamin L. Hewit.
*County Commissioners*—George L. Cowan, George Koon, James M. Kinkead.
*County Surveyor*—James L. Gwin.
*Treasurer*—John McKeage.
*Poor House Directors*—Peter Good, William Burley, David Aurandt.
*County Auditors*—A. M. Lloyd, Robt. M. Messimer, L. L. Moore.
*Coroner*—A. J. Freeman.
*Superintendent of Common Schools*—John Mitchell.

## ALTOONA BOROUGH OFFICERS.

*Justices of the Peace*—Jacob M. Cherry, John W. Humes.
*Burgess*—John Allison.
*Town Council*—A. A. Smyth, Daniel Laughman, John Lowther, Jacob Hesser, C. K. Hostetter, N. J. Mervine.
*Clerk to Council*—S. M. Woodkok.
*Borough Treasurer*—Daniel Laughman.
*School Directors*—H. C. Dern, John Shoemaker, J. B. Hileman, (Rt. Snyder, James Lowther, E. A. Beck.
*Treasurer of School Board*—J. B. Hileman.
*High Constable*—Joseph K. Ely.
*Collector of State, County, Borough and School Tax*—Jos. K. Ely.
*Auditors*—John A. Nichols, C. J. Mann, Alex. McCormick
*Assessor*—Daniel Price.
*Assistant Assessors*—Jacob Hesser, J. L. Reifsnyder.
*Judges of Elections*—East Ward—John B. Wärfel.
" " West Ward—Michael Clabaugh.
" " North Ward—John Shoemaker.
*Inspectors*—East Ward—Wm. Reddaner, John Hickey.
" West Ward—Geo. W. Kessler, Jno. Bowman.
" North Ward—Robt. Green, Alex. McCormick


## EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

*Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.*

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders,
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs,
&c., &c., &c.,

intended for the Spring and Summer trade.

The proprietor of the Emporium invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that his shelves present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

LATEST FASHION,

and being a perfect "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can not fail to prove satisfactory. It has passed into a proverb that

Belford's the very man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap:
All that have ever tried him yet,
Say that he really cant be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street, first door above Jaggard's Hall, Altoona, Pa. [April 17, '62.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs. Medical advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable remedies for Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [June 22, 1862.-1y.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paints, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground all at KESSLER'S [1-tf.]

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

# Dental Remedies

ARE

THE BEST in the WORLD,

INSURING

FINE TEETH

AND

A SWEET BREATH,

AND

CURING TOOTHACHE & NEURALGIA!

Do you wish to be blessed with and admired for PEARLY WHITE and Sound TEETH? Use DR. WM. B. HURD'S UNRIVALLED TOOTH POWDER, warranted free from acid, alkali or any injurious substance. Price, 25 cents per box.

☞ Beware of the ordinary cheap Tooth Powders which whiten but destroy.

Do you wish to be certain that your BREATH is pure, sweet, and agreeable to husband or wife, lover or friends? Use DR. HURD'S CELEBRATED MOUTH WASH.—Price, 37 cents per bottle.

This astringent wash is also the best remedy in the world for CANKER, BAD BREATH, BLEEDING GUMS, SORE MOUTH, etc. It has cured hundreds.

Do you or your children suffer from TOOTHACE? Get DR. HURD'S MAGIC TOOTHACHE DROPS. Price, 15 cents per bottle.

Are you afflicted with NEURALGIA? Get DR. W. B. HURD'S NEURALGIA PLASTERS. The most effective and delightful remedy known.

They do not adhere nor blister, but soothe and charm pain away. Try them. Price, 18 and 37 cents. Mailed on receipt of price.

Do you wish a complete set of DENTAL REMEDIES and a *Treatise on Preserving Teeth?* Get DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY, the neatest and most valuable present that one friend can make to another.—Price, $1. Sent by express on receipt of price.

For sale at all the best stores throughout the country.

CAUTION.—As there are dealers who take advantage of our advertisements to impose upon their customers inferior preparations, it is necessary to insist upon having what you call for, and you will GET THE BEST, thoroughly tested, and prepared by an experienced and scientific Dentist, Treasurer of the New York State Dentist's Association, and Vice President of the New York City Dental Society. Address

WM. B. HURD & CO., New York.

DR. HURD'S DENTAL REMEDIES are for sale in this place by G. W. KESSLER.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S

NEW

# Furniture Polish

Prepared from an improved receipe by the proprietor of the "BROTHER JONATHAN POLISH," is certified by all the leading New York Furniture Dealers and Piano-Forte Makers to be the best in the world for removing Scratches, Marks, and Dirt, and restoring a high and lasting gloss to all kinds of Varnished work, from Furniture to Leather. It is cheaper and better than Varnish, dries immediately, and is easily applied. With a piece of Canton Flannel and a bottle or two of this New Furniture Polish, a Housekeeper can work magic in the furniture of a house, and keep it looking like new. Now is the time to "shine up" your Tables, Chairs, Desks, Pianos, Picture Frames, Carriages, etc., and make them look 50 per cent. better. This is true economy. For sale by Furniture Dealers and Storekeepers generally. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Depot No. 1 Spruce Street, New York. ☞ SPECIAL AGENTS WANTED. Address,

BOX 1972, NEW YORK P. O.

GREAT BOOKS IN PRESS!

THRILLING INCIDENTS

OF THE

# Great Rebellion;

—OR—

*THE HEROISM OF*

Our SOLDIERS & SAILORS.

ILLUSTRATED.

1 VOL., LARGE 12MO. PRICE $1.25.

The critics and the public are right in predicting that this will surpass, in graphic narrative, exciting interest, and extensive popularity, all other histories of the War for the Union. Its theme will be the heroic daring, patient suffering and hair-breadth escapes of our Soldiers and Sailors, and its incidents will form the theme of conversation at innumerable firesides for years to come. It will contain, in addition to its stirring details, the philosophical Analysis of the causes of the War, by John Lathrop Motley, L. L. D., Author of "The Rise of the Dutch Republic," etc., the dates of all the important events from the John Brown raid, and an accurate and revised account of the principal battles, with engravings.

One-third the proceeds of all Subscriptions sent direct to us will be given for the Relief of Disabled Soldiers, and all persons who wish a copy of the work, and also to benefit the soldiers, should send their name and address at once. Also, any officer or private, or person in any section of the country, having knowledge of any heroic act or stirring incident, will oblige us by sending us an account of it.

BOOKSELLERS, POSTMASTERS, and CANVASSING AGENTS will be furnished with a Subscription Prospectus, on application to the Publishers.

☞ A liberal commission given to Soldiers desiring to act as Agents in taking subscriptions.

II.

THE HISTORY

OF

American Manufactures,

FROM 1608 TO 1860.

BY DR. J. LEANDER BISHOP. 2 VOLS., 8mo.

Vol. I. now ready. Vol. II. nearly ready.

This is probably the largest and most important work now in the American press.

We have also just published new editions of the following useful and popular books:

THE BUSINESS MAN'S

LEGAL ADVISER;

Or, How to Save Money, by Conducting Business according to Law, as expounded by the best and latest Authorities. 400 pp., sheep. Price $1.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR INDUSTRY;

OR,

1000 CHANCES TO MAKE MONEY.

Cloth, $1. This has been re-published in England.

Every business Man and clerk should have these books. They will pay the buyer a hundred fold. Every parent should get them for their sons.

All these books are mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. We pay particular attention to mailing books, wrapping them carefully, and will procure and send, postpaid, any book anywhere, on receipt of publishers' price and six stamps. Address

FREEDLEY & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

PIANOS!

PERSONS WHO WISH TO BUY a Piano of the best makers will be shown how they can save a handsome sum in the purchase, if they address

PIANO,
Care of JOY, COE & Co., Publishers' Agents,
NEW YORK, P. O.

Nov. 21, 1861-1y.

ONWARD! ONWARD!!

*EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!*

NOW OPEN

*On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,*

EAST ALTOONA,

AN ENTIRELY

NEW STOCK OF GOODS!

HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened out an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the

*VERY LOWEST PRICES.*

Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Berege, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and all the

LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

Men's Wear.

We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Jeans, Corduroys, Beaver Teens, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

WHITE GOODS.

Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings, &c.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' Needlework Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Yells, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, &c. Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

*LADIES' GAITERS,*

HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.,

which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

QUEEENSWARE,

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

HARDWARE,

Groceries, Flour,
Bacon, Cheese,
Syrups, Molasses,
Mackerel, Herring,
Carbon Oil, Fish Oil,
Drugs and Medicines,

and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first-class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for

*CASH ONLY,*

AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell Goods at very moderate prices; and by fair dealing and strict attention to business we hope to secure a liberal share of public patronage.

GEIS & CO.

Altoona, April 15, 1862-tf

A. ROUSH, DRUGGIST,

takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to the citizens of this place and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on him, and desires to inform the public in general, that he still continues

At his Old Place of Business,

*A few Doors above the Post-Office,*

where he is at all times prepared to attend to their wants in his line of business, consisting of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS,
PAINTS, PUTTY,
VARNISHES,
DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY,
PATENT MEDICINES,
EXTRACTS,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS,
SWEET-BRIAR PIPES,
CHOICE SMOKING TOBACCO.

LIQUORS,

FOR MEDICINAL USE. ALWAYS ON HAND.

Physicians Prescriptions

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED,
AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT

Altoona, Pa., April 17, 1862.

GROCERY AND PROVISION

STORE,

*Annie Street, East Altoona, a few doors above Branch Street.*

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED a large and fresh stock of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., which he will sell at prices equally as low as his competitors. His stock consists of

*FLOUR, FEED,*
*BACON, HAMS,*
*FISH, SALT,*
*POTATOES, COFFEE,*
*SUGAR, TEA,*
*SPICES, CRACKERS,*
*CHEESE, TUBS,*
*BRUSHES,*
*BUCKETS, BROOMS,*
*RAISINS, LEMONS,*
*ORANGES, FIGS,*
*DATES, COMBS,*
*SOAPS, KNIVES,*
*BUTTER, EGGS,*
*CONFECTIONERIES, DRIED FRUIT,*
*AND DRUGS OF ALL KINDS.*

I invite the public to call and examine my stock, as I am determined to please in quality and price.

May 8, 1862-tf WM. H. PERCIVAL.

$25] EMPLOYMENT! [$75

AGENTS WANTED!

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.

Sept. 12-3y.]

DRIED APPLES.—The subscribers have a fine lot of bright yellow DRIED APPLES, bought at much less than market rates, and which they desire to close out, at cost and carriage, without delay.—Persons desiring to purchase, either at wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.] MURPHY & McPIKE.

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

Jan. 24, '56-tf]

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, in endless variety, at LAUGHMAN'S.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.

NEW SUMMER GOODS, of superior style and material, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS, for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S.

MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, of good quality, at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

SAMUEL I. FRIES..... STEPHEN WINTERS

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have just received a large supply of STOVES *of all Patterns*, such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.

*TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE*, in great variety, always on hand.

ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

They have also attached a copper-smithing room to their establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

HARDWARE.

The subscribers have added Hardware to their line of business, and are now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which they offer on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine their stock.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

☞ Store on Annie street, between Harriet and Adaline streets, East Ward, and on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, West Ward.

FRIES & WINTERS.

Altoona, Feb. 3d, 1862.

POKED OUT AGAIN!

The undersigned would respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he has again opened out

AT HIS OLD STAND,

*on Virginia st., a few doors below the Supt's Office,*

with an entirely new and fresh supply of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

such as

FLOUR, BACON, FISH,
SALT, POTATOES,
CHEESE, CORN-MEAL, MILL-FEED
OATS, RYE, CORN,

TEAS of all kinds, COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS, BAKING MOLASSES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, DRIED FRUIT, SOAP, CANDLES, BROOMS, BRUSHES, Crockery, Wooden and Willow Ware, Stationery, Notions, Candies, &c. Also a large stock of

LIQUORS!

All the above goods will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices. Come one—come all! See for yourselves, and be convinced. No charge for examining my stock. LOUIS PLACK.

April 17, '62-tf.

EVERYBODY CALLS

AT JESSE SMITH'S.

when they want fashionable

Hats & Caps.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the city with his

Spring & Summer Styles of

HATS, CAPS,

MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, of every style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

*Store on Virginia Street, opposite the Lutheran Church.*

Oct. 3, 1861. JESSE SMITH.

ONWARD! EVER ONWARD!

STEP BY STEP!

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO inform his old customers and the public generally that he has this spring gone into the Dry Good business, and has just received a large and entirely new stock of

Dress Goods

For the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most

FASHIONABLE PATTERNS.

And among which may be found every quality of goods, the names of which it would be too tedious to enumerate.

In the line of pure, fresh and cheap

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

I will not "knock under" to any of my competitors. In this department I feel sure that I can render satisfaction.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Store on the corner of Annie and Helen streets, East Altoona. THOMAS HESLOP.

Altoona, May 22, 1862.

$30. EMPLOYMENT! $100.

Commercial Agents Wanted

TO SELL GOODS FOR THE

ADAMS,

(A NEW ENGLAND)

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

We will give a commission of one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages at from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address (with stamp)

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen'l Agent,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co. DETROIT, MICH.
May 8, 1862-1y

COAL.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY family to get in their supply of coal for the Winter, and the subscribir would therefore inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he is prepared to supply them, on short notice, with a superior article of ANTHRACITE and ALLEGHENY BITUMINOUS COAL. He will sell it by the Train, Car, or Cart Load, or by the bushel, delivered at the door of the purchaser.

☞ Yard on the North side of the Railroad—upper end of Altoona Yard. H. R. MYERS.

July 25, 1861.-tf.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned is about starting a Tannery, and wishes to buy or trade for

400 CORDS

of good ROCK OAK BARK, and also for HIDES, for which the highest market price will be paid.

Altoona, April 17, '62-tf. LOUIS PLACK.

WM. S. BITTNER,

Dental Surgeon,

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

J. G. ADLUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.

October 1, 1857.

PLAIN & FANCY VESTS, of every size and style at LAUGHMAN'S.

AMERICAN

Life Insurance and Trust Co.

COMPANY'S BUILDING Southeast Corner of Walnut and Fourth Streets, Philad'a.

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorized Capital, | $500,000 |
| Paid up Capital, | 250,000 |
| Assets, | 1,897,746 |

Incorporated 1850, by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Insures Lives during the Natural life or for short terms, grants annuities and endowments, and makes contracts of all kinds depending on the issues of life.

Policies of Life Insurance issued at the usual mutual rates of other good companies—with profits to the assured. —last BONUS January, 1861, being 43 per cent. of all premiums received on mutual policies—at Joint Stock rates, 20 per cent less than the above, or Total Abstinence rates, 40 per cent. less than Mutual rates. Also, a

NON-FORFEITURE PLAN,

By which a person pays for 5, 7, or 10 years only, when the policy is paid up for LIFE, and nothing more to pay; and should he be unable, or wish to discontinue sooner, the Company will issue a PAID UP POLICY, in proportion to the amount of premium paid, as follows:

| On a Policy of $1,000, after payment of | 5 Year rates. | 7 Year rates. | 10 Year rates. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Annual Premium, for | $200 00 | $142 85 | $100 00 |
| 2 " " | 400 00 | 285 70 | 200 00 |
| 4 " " | 800 00 | 571 40 | 400 00 |
| 6 " " | —— | 857 10 | 600 00 |
| 8 " " | —— | —— | 800 00 |

ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President.
SAMUEL WORK, Vice President.
JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Alexander Whilldin, | J. Edgar Thomson, |
| Hon. Jas. Pollock, | Hon. Joseph Allison, |
| Albert C. Roberts, | Jonas Bowman, |
| Samuel T. Bodine, | H. H. Eldridge, |
| George Nugent, | John Aikman, |
| William J. Howard, | Charles F. Heazlitt, |

Samuel Work.

Any further information can be had by applying to the undersigned, who is the authorized agent for Blair County.

July 31, 1862-1y R. A. O. KERR.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

*The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!*

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fill me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-5m JACOB SNYDER.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

*Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.*

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SPOUTING, &C.

RIGG WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

*FALL AND WINTER GOODS,*

consisting of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND
VESTING,
material for
FINE AND COARSE
OVERCOATS,
material for
BOYS' CLOTHING,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1869-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

BROGANS, GAITERS, &C.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59-tf

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2 '56.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by

Oct. 15-tf J. B. HILEMAN.

ALL STYLES CARPETING AND Oil-Cloths can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

HUTTER'S

STATE CAPITOL

Book Bindery,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

*No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.*

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all cases the very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books ruled, paged and bound to any desired pattern. Blanks for Attorneys and Justices. Dockets of all sizes, made and ruled to order. Tri-annual and Yearly Assessment, Duplicates, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. Commissioners' Dockets made of the best linen paper.

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